

ERIC GIBSON
INTERIM DIRECTOR

DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND LAND USE

5201 RUFFIN ROAD, SUITE B, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92123-1666 INFORMATION (858) 694-2960 TOLL FREE (800) 411-0017

July 10, 2008

CEQA Initial Study - Environmental Checklist Form (Based on the State CEQA Guidelines, Appendix G Rev. 10/04)

FOR PURPOSES OF CONSIDERATION OF 94/ENGINEER SPRINGS WIRELESS TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY P06-087, ER 06-19-029

1. Project Number(s)/Environmental Log Number/Title:

P06-087, ER 06-19-029, 94/Engineer Springs Wireless Telecommunications Facility

2. Lead agency name and address:

County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use 5201 Ruffin Road, Suite B, San Diego, CA 92123-1666

- 3. a. Contact: Kevin Johnston, Project Manager
 - b. Phone number: (858) 694-3084
 - c. E-mail: Kevin.Johnston@sdcounty.ca.gov
- 4. Project location:

Madre Grande Road/Highway94 (APN 649-141-02); Jamul-Dulzura; San Diego County

Thomas Brothers Coordinates: Page 1314, Grid D/6, D/7

5. Project Applicant name and address:

Karen Adler Plancom, Inc. 302 State Place Escondido, CA 92029 6. General Plan Designation

Community Plan: Jamul-Dulzura

Land Use Designation: 18/Multiple Rural Use Density: 1 du/4, 8, 20 acre(s)

7. Zoning

Use Regulation: A72
Minimum Lot Size: 8 acre(s)
Special Area Regulation: N/A

8. Description of project

The project is a Major Use Permit for an unmanned wireless telecommunication facility. The project includes the installation of 9 panel antennas in 3 arrays (3 antennas per array) and one, 4-foot diameter microwave antenna mounted on an existing 26-foot tall fiberglass water tower. The antennas would be supported by cable trays and steel vertical posts attached to proposed above-ground concrete foundations. Support equipment for the antennas would include a 12'x16'x10' prefabricated equipment shelter, two air conditioner units, a back-up generator and a utility pole. This equipment would be surrounded by a 6-foot tall concrete mason block wall with two solid metal access gates. An overhead utility connection is proposed between an existing utility pole near the entrance of the site's dirt access road and the proposed utility pole within the block enclosure. Minor trenching would be conducted inside the block wall to connect power and telecommunications utilities to the equipment shelter. Finally, a cable bridge is proposed to connect utilities in the equipment shelter to the antennas.

The project is located on a 38.6-acre parcel that is currently occupied by a 26-foot tall fiberglass water tower and storage shed. The storage shed would be removed. All other uses would remain onsite. The site is subject to the General Plan Regional Category Rural Development Area (RDA), Land Use Designation 18 Multiple Rural Use. Zoning for the site is A72 Limited Agriculture. As the project does not require water or sewer service, no extension of water or sewer utilities would be required. The project does not include any off-site improvements.

The project would involve approximately one vehicle trip per month for routine maintenance of the facility. Access to the site would be provided by a dirt access road connected to SR-94 in the Jamul/Dulzura Community Planning Group Area.

To blend the antennas with the surrounding landscape, the project proposes to paint the antennas, supports and cable trays to match the color of the water tower. In addition, the antennas would be mounted below the top of the water tower to prevent them from sticking out against the sky. To shield the proposed equipment shelter and 6-foot tall block wall, the project proposes to locate them downslope and behind existing boulders to the east of the water tower.

9.	Surrounding land uses and setting (Briefly describe the project's surroundings):
	Lands surrounding the project site include vacant open space and rural residential property. The topography of the project area contains steep slopes
	greater than 25%. The site is located within 1,000 feet of Highway 94.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

Permit Type/Action	Agency
Major Use Permit	County of San Diego

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project and involve at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" or a "Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated," as indicated by the checklist on the following pages. ☐ Aesthetics ☐ Agriculture Resources ☐ Air Quality ☑ Biological Resources ☑ Cultural Resources ☐ Geology & Soils ☐ Hydrology & Water ☐ Hazards & Haz. Materials ☐ Land Use & Planning Quality ☐ Mineral Resources □ Noise ☐ Population & Housing ☐ Public Services □ Recreation ☑ Transportation/Traffic ☐ Utilities & Service ☑ Mandatory Findings of Significance **Systems DETERMINATION:** (To be completed by the Lead Agency) On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared. $\overline{\mathbf{Q}}$ On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared. On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required. Signature Date **Kevin Johnston** Land Use/Environmental Planner Printed Name Title

INSTRUCTIONS ON EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

- 1. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2. All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as onsite, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3. Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4. "Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level.
- 5. Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6. Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7. The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a) The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b) The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW CHECKLIST

I. AESTHETICS – Would the project:

a)	reso with	e a substantial adverse effect on a scerurces, including but not limited to trees in a state scenic highway; or substantial uality of the site and its surroundings?	, rock	outcroppings, and historic buildings
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: Scenic vistas are singular vantage points that offer unobstructed views of valued viewsheds, including areas designated as official scenic vistas along major highways or County designated visual resources. State scenic highways refer to those highways that are officially designated by the California Department of Transportation. Generally, the viewshed from a highway includes the land adjacent to and visible from the vehicular right-of-way and extends the distance of a motorist's line of vision, using a reasonable boundary when the view extends to the distant horizon. Visual character is the objective composition of the visible landscape within a viewshed. Visual character is based on the organization of the pattern elements line, form, color, and texture. Visual character is commonly discussed in terms of dominance, scale, diversity and continuity. Visual quality is the viewer's perception of the visual environment and varies based on exposure, sensitivity and expectation of the viewers.

Based on a site visit completed by Emmett Aquino on January 17, 2007, photographs of the subject parcel, and photosimulations provided by the applicant, the proposed project is not visible from a scenic vista, a County priority scenic route, or a State Scenic Highway. Therefore, the project would not have an adverse impact to these visual resources.

The proposed project would not have an adverse effect on the existing visual character or quality of the project site and surroundings. The existing visual character and quality of the project site and surroundings can be characterized as vacant open space and rural residential. The proposed antennas would be compatible with the existing visual environment because they would not "stick out" visually. They would be mounted below the top of an existing water tank and painted the same color as the water tank to blend them in with the form of the water tank when viewed at a distance. The water tank is visible from public vantage points along SR-94, Arnoldo Road, Romo Lane, and Community Building Road in the Jamul Dulzura Community Planning Area. Due to the

substantial distance from public vantage points and the placement and color of the antennas, the photosimulations show that the antennas would not be discernable against the background form of the water tank. With respect to the equipment shelter and block wall, their placement downslope of the water tank behind existing boulders would fully shield them from vantage points along the above-mentioned public roads. However, the proposed utility pole would be apparent from public vantage points due to its height. Because it would be the same type, color and height of the other utility poles it would be connected to, the proposed utility pole would not be inconsistent with the visual character and quality of the surrounding environment. Therefore, the proposed project's impact to visual character and quality would be less than significant.

The project would not result in cumulative impacts to scenic resources within a scenic vista, a County priority scenic route, or a State Scenic Highway because the project is not located within the viewshed of these resources. Therefore, the project would not result in adverse project-level or cumulative aesthetic impacts.

b)	Cre	eate a new source of substantial light or or or nighttime views in the area?	glare,	which would adversely affect day
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Dis	scus	ssion/Explanation:		
hig Th col or	jhly eref ntrib nigh	pact: The project does not propose outoreflective properties such as highly reflectore, the project would not create any new oute to skyglow, light trespass or glare, not time views. **ERICULTURAL RESOURCES** Would the pack to see the project would be project with the project would be proje	ctive g w soui or wou	lass or high-gloss surface colors. rces of light pollution that could uld the project adversely affect day
a)		Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmla Importance, as shown on the maps prepand Monitoring Program of the California use or involve other changes in the exist location or nature, could result in converuse?	ared a Reso ting er	pursuant to the Farmland Mapping ources Agency, to non-agricultural nvironment, which, due to their
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

No Impact: The project site and the surrounding area do not contain any lands designated as Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency. Therefore, no Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance would be converted to a non-agricultural use.

b) (Conflict with existing zoning for agricultu	ral use	e, or a Williamson Act contract?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
Less Than Significant Impact: The project site is zoned A72, which is considered to be an agricultural zone. However, the proposed project would not result in a conflict in zoning for agricultural use because Telecommunication facilities are a permitted use in A72 zones and their operation is compatible with agricultural uses. As the project site is not under a Williamson Act contract, there would be no conflict with either existing agricultural zoning or a Williamson Act contract. Therefore, the impact is less than significant.			
III. AIR QUALITY Would the project conflict with or obstruct implementation of the San Diego Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) or applicable portions of the State Implementation Plan (SIP); violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation; expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations; or create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:			

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project would not conflict with or obstruct implementation of the San Diego Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) or applicable portions of the State Implementation Plan (SIP), nor violate any air quality standard, nor contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.

Potential sources of air emissions from the proposed project would be associated with construction/grading activities, vehicle trips to and from the site, and the use of a back-

up generator. Emissions from the construction phase of the project would be minimal, localized, and result in the grading of less than 200 cubic yards of soil. Therefore, PM₁₀ and VOC emissions would be below the screening-level criteria established by San Diego Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) Rule 20.2 and by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) CEQA air quality handbook section 6.2 and 6.3. The limited number of vehicle trips (1 per month) would also not constitute a significant air quality impact. According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 average daily trips (ADT) are below the Screening-Level Criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the SCAQMD CEQA air quality handbook section 6.2 and 6.3 for VOCs and PM₁₀.

The project proposes the installation of an emergency generator that is larger than 50 horsepower. Due to the size of the proposed generator, the project would be required to obtain an operational permit from the SDAPCD. Issuance of this permit would assure that emissions associated with the generator would be below the screening-level criteria established by SDAPCD.

Finally, the proposed project does not include any elements that would cause objectionable odors or result in exposure of significant pollutant concentrations to sensitive receptors. The proposed project would not produce significant pollutant concentrations. Therefore, the impact to air quality is less than significant.

IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES – Would the project:

a)	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or indirectly through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service; have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or US Fish and Wildlife Service; have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means; or interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory
	migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated: Biological resources on the project site were evaluated in a Biological Resource Letter Report prepared by Merkel & Associates, Inc., and dated January 30, 2008. The project is a wireless telecommunication facility located on a hilltop adjacent to an existing fiberglass water tank. The facility would be 640 square feet in size and would consist of 9 wireless antennas and one 4-foot microwave antenna mounted on the existing fiberglass water tank, with 3 vertical steel posts attached to a proposed above-ground concrete foundation to be placed in the adjacent Diegan coastal sage scrub habitat. A cable bridge would be constructed to connect the antennas to a proposed concrete equipment shelter located approximately 30 ft to the southeast. The concrete shelter would comply with Policy FP-2 of the San Diego County Fire Code: therefore no fuel modification zone would be required. A temporary trench would be dug in the Diegan coastal sage scrub habitat to place underground utility lines that would connect the power and telco panels to a proposed utility pole located approximately 75 ft to the south of the equipment shelter. An overhead power and telco route would be located down the hill for approximately 800 ft, connecting to an existing utility pole near Highway 94. The power poles would be placed in the sage scrub and chaparral habitat; however, all of the construction equipment for the placement of the poles would remain on the existing dirt access road. The poles would be placed in the ground by a "boom" on the construction equipment. The power lines would be hand-walked down the hill through the sage scrub and chaparral for connection to the power poles. An existing dirt road provides access to the project site from Highway 94. No access road improvements are proposed.

A biological study was completed for the project area including 100 feet beyond the proposed wireless facility, overhead power and telco route, and the existing access road. The entire site burned in the October 2007 Harris Fire. Habitats onsite that would be impacted by the proposed project include Diegan coastal sage scrub and Southern mixed chaparral. Impacts to Southern mixed chaparral and Diegan coastal sage scrub would be mitigated through habitat-based mitigation applied in accordance with the San Diego County Biological Mitigation Ordinance (BMO). The loss of 0.3 acre of Diegan coastal sage scrub and 0.1 acre of Southern mixed chaparral would be mitigated off site at 1.5:1 and 1:1 ratios, respectively, in a County-approved mitigation bank located in the Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP) Subarea and considered to be part of a Biological Resource Core Area (BRCA).

California gnatcatcher is not expected to be present on-site, based on the existing post-fire condition and an elevation that is not suitable for the species. The Quino checkerspot butterfly is not expected to occur on-site during the 2008 flight season. Potential colonization of the site would not be expected to occur for several years, based on post-fire conditions and documentation in 2005 that the nearest quino observed was located 3 to 4 miles to the northwest. Two

sensitive plant species, Summer Holly (Comarostaphylis diversifolia ssp. diversifolia) and San Diego sunflower (Viguiera lacinata), and one sensitive animal species, Turkey Vulture (Cathartes aura), were identified onsite. The facility and overhead power and telco route are not proposed near the locations of summer holly; therefore, the project would not result in impacts to the species. The removal of large outcroppings would not occur as part of this project; therefore, impacts to potential nesting location of the turkey vulture would not be expected. The proposed project may have impacts to some individual San Diego sunflowers; however, 288 individuals were identified onsite and the project impacts possible to this species would not constitute a substantial adverse effect to the regional long-term survival of this species. Spiny redberry, the host plant for Hermes copper butterfly (Lycaena hermes), did occur onsite before the 2007 Harris Fire, however the project area is not located near the identified locations of spiny redberry.

The project would not impact wetlands, defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act through discharging into, directly removing, filling, or hydrologically interrupting any federally-protected wetlands supported on the project site; nor would the project impede the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species from using an established native resident or migratory wildlife corridor; nor impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites. The site and surrounding areas is within the Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP) in an undeveloped section of the Metro-Lakeside Jamul segment, which may facilitate movement of native or migratory wildlife species and/or may support wildlife nursery sites. The proposed facility, as a small-scale project, would not create a barrier to wildlife movement or impede the use of nursery sites. Rather, it would remain a passive part of the existing landscape and would have ample space on all sides for wildlife movement. Therefore, the project would not result in significant impacts to any riparian habitat or sensitive natural community identified in the County of San Diego Multiple Species Conservation Program, County of San Diego Resource Protection Ordinance, Natural Community Conservation Plan, Fish and Game Code, Endangered Species Act, Clean Water Act, or any other local or regional plans, policies or regulations; to wetlands or waters of the U.S. as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act; to the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species; to established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors; or to the use of native wildlife nursery sites.

b) Conflict with the provisions of any adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Communities Conservation Plan, other approved local, regional or state habitat conservation plan or any other local policies or ordinances that protect biological resources?

	Initial Study 7, ER 06-19-029	- 11 -		July 10, 2008
☐ ☑	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mition Incorporated	gation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
	·			
Less than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated: Biological resources on the project site were evaluated in a Biological Letter Report prepared by Merkel & Associates, Inc., and dated January 30, 2008. The site is an unmanned wireless telecommunication facility that would impact 0.1 acres of Southern mixed chaparral and 0.3 acres of Diegan coastal sage scrub through the installation of overhead utility lines and poles. One sensitive plant species, San Diego sunflower (<i>Viguiera lacinata</i>) was observed onsite. However, project impacts possible to this species would not constitute a substantial adverse effect to the regional long-term survival of this species. To mitigate for the loss of 0.1 acres of Southern mixed chaparral, 0.1 acres of Southern mixed chaparral would be purchased off-site in a mitigation bank located within the MSCP. The loss of 0.3 acres of Diegan coastal sage scrub would be mitigated by the purchase of 0.5 acres of Diegan coastal sage scrub in an off-site mitigation bank located within the MSCP. As the combined 0.6 acres of off-site habitat would be protected in perpetuity and, thus, would be of greater benefit to the affected species, the proposed project is in conformance with Section 86.604(f) of the Resource Protection Ordinance. The proposed project would also be in conformance with federal, state and local habitat conservation plans and ordinances as described in IV) a. above. Therefore, with mitigation incorporated, the impact is less than significant.				
V. CUL	TURAL RESOURCES – Would t	he proj	ect:	
ź	as defined in 15064.5; cause a su	ubstant	ial ad	gnificance of a historical resource verse change in the significance of .5; or disturb any human remains,

a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in as defined in 15064.5; cause a substant an archaeological resource pursuant to including those interred outside of formatical contents.	tial ad 15064	verse change in the significance of .5; or disturb any human remains
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: Based on an analysis of records and a survey of the proposed project site by County of San Diego staff archaeologist Gail Wright on April 5, 2007, it has been determined that no historical resources occur within the project site. Therefore, there are no impacts to historical resources.

Discussion/Explanation:

In addition, the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) was contacted for a listing of tribes in the area that may consider the site as ancestral lands. The response

from NAHC was received February 7, 2007, and a letter was sent to those tribes on February 9, 2007. No responses of interest were received.

Based on an analysis of records and a survey of the property by County of San Diego staff archaeologist, Gail Wright, on April 5, 2007, it has been determined that the project would not disturb any human remains because the project site does not include a formal cemetery or any archaeological resources that might contain interred human remains.

The project area is not likely to contain any archaeological resources. However, because prehistoric resources have been recorded within one mile of the site, the project could have potentially significant impacts to buried archaeological resources. To mitigate for this impact, the project would be required to implement a grading monitoring and data recovery program, which includes the presence of an archaeological monitor to observe all ground disturbing activities during construction of the project. The implementation of a grading monitoring and data recovery program would reduce potential impacts to buried archaeological resources to a level below significant.

b)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique pageologic feature?	aleonto	ological resource or site or unique
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: A review of the paleontological maps provided by the San Diego Museum of Natural History, combined with available data on San Diego County's geologic formations, indicates that the project is located on geological formations that have marginal resource potential. Marginal resource potential is assigned to geologic formations that are composed either of volcanic rocks or high-grade metasedimentary rocks, and have only limited probability for producing fossil remains from certain sedimentary lithologies at localized outcrops. Due to site's limited potential to support any fossil remains, the project will not result in the loss of significant paleontological information.

The site does not contain any unique geologic features that have been catalogued within the Conservation Element (Part X) of the County's General Plan or support any known geologic characteristics that have the potential to support unique geologic features. Additionally, based on a site visit by Emmett Aquino on January 17, 2007, no known unique geologic features were identified on the property or in the immediate vicinity. Therefore, the impact is less than significant.

VI. GEOLOGY AND SOILS -

Would the project

- a) Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:
 - i. Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault?
 - ii. Strong seismic ground shaking?
 - iii. Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?
 - iv. Landslides?
 - v. Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?
 - vi. Unstable geological conditions?

Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project is not located in a fault rupture hazard zone identified by the Alguist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act, Special Publication 42, Revised 1997, Fault-Rupture Hazards Zones in California. However, the Uniform Building Code (UBC) and the California Building Code (CBC) classify all San Diego County with the highest seismic zone criteria, Zone 4. Although the project is within San Diego County, and thus, within the UBC and CBC Zone 4 seismic zone, the project would not expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects associated with rupture of a known earthquake fault or strong seismic groundshaking. This is because the project is an unmanned wireless telecommunication facility that would not involve habitable structures or significant construction of property. In addition, to ensure the structural integrity of the equipment shelter, the project must conform to the Seismic Requirements as outlined within the California Building Code. The County Code requires a soils compaction report with proposed foundation recommendations to be approved before the issuance of a building permit. Therefore, as the facility would be unmanned and the equipment shelter would conform to CBC and County Code requirements, there would be a less than significant impact associated with exposing people or structures to substantial adverse effects as a result of the rupture of a known earthquake fault or seismic groundshaking.

The site is not located within a landslide susceptibility area. Also, according to the Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service dated December 1973, the soils on-site are identified as Fallbrook sandy loam, Friant fine sandy loam, and Cieneba rocky coarse sandy loam.

that have a soil erodibility rating of severe and are not considered expansive soils as defined within Table 18-I-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994). Therefore, impacts associated with landslides and seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction, would be less than significant.

The project would not result in unprotected erodible soils; would not alter existing drainage patterns; is not located in a floodplain, wetland, or significant drainage feature; and would not develop steep slopes. Although the project would result in site disturbance associated with installation of the telecommunication tower, equipment shed and utility trenching, grading would result in total soil movement of less than 700 cubic feet and the project would be required to comply with the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING), which regulate soil disturbance and restoration. Therefore, the proposed project would not result in substantial soil erosion or loss of topsoil, nor create unstable geologic conditions. Therefore, the impact is less than significant.

Finally, the project would not contribute to a cumulative geologic or soils impact because all past, present and future projects evaluated for this initial study that involve grading or land disturbance are required to follow the requirements of the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING); Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); and County Storm Water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). Also, all past, present and future projects evaluated for this initial study that involve issuance of a building permit must conform to the Seismic Requirements as outlined within the California Building Code. The County Code requires a soils compaction report with proposed foundation recommendations to be approved before the issuance of a building permit. Therefore, the cumulative geologic and soils impact is less than significant.

Based on the above, potential geologic and soils impacts as they pertain to the criteria listed in question VI. a) are less than significant.

b)	Have soils incapable of adequately suppalternative wastewater disposal systems disposal of wastewater?	•	•
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact

No Impact: The project is an unmanned wireless telecommunication facility that does not include or require septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems. No wastewater would be generated as a result of this project; therefore, there is no impact.

VII. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS -- Would the project:

a)	transport, storage, use, or disposal of har reasonably foreseeable upset and accide hazardous materials into the environme hazardous or acutely hazardous materials quarter mile of an existing or proposed a list of hazardous materials sites comp Section 65962.5?	azard lent c nt; th als, su schoo	ous materials or wastes; through onditions involving the release of rough the emission or handling of ubstances, or waste within one- ol; or because the site is included on
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project is an unmanned wireless telecommunications facility that includes a back-up gas generator. In addition, 20 Lead Acid Batteries, representing 48.8 gallons of hazardous liquid, would be installed in the equipment shelter to support the radio cabinets. However, the project would not result in a significant hazard to the public or environment because all storage, handling, transport, emission and disposal of hazardous substances would be in full compliance with local, State, and Federal regulations. California Government Code § 65850.2 requires that no final certificate of occupancy or its substantial equivalent be issued unless there is verification that the owner or authorized agent has met, or is meeting, the applicable requirements of the Health and Safety Code, Division 20, Chapter 6.95, Article 2, Section 25500-25520.

The San Diego County Department of Environmental Health Hazardous Materials Division (DEH HMD) is the Certified Unified Program Agency (CUPA) for San Diego County responsible for enforcing Chapter 6.95 of the Health and Safety Code. As the CUPA, the DEH HMD is required to regulate hazardous materials business plans, chemical inventory, hazardous waste and tiered permitting, underground storage tanks, and risk management plans. The Hazardous Materials Business Plan is required to contain basic information on the location, type, quantity and health risks of hazardous materials stored, used, or disposed of onsite. The plan also contains an emergency response plan which describes the procedures for mitigating a hazardous release, procedures and equipment for minimizing the potential damage of a hazardous

materials release, and provisions for immediate notification of the HMD, the Office of Emergency Services, and other emergency response personnel such as the local Fire Agency having jurisdiction. Therefore, due to the strict requirements that regulate hazardous substances outlined above and the fact that all onsite hazardous materials storage will occur in compliance with local, State, and Federal regulation; the project would not result in any potentially significant impacts related to the routine transport, use, and disposal of hazardous substances.

,	For a project located within an airport lai not been adopted, within two miles of a p private airstrip, would the project result in working in the project area?	public	airport, public use airport or a
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
No Impact: The proposed project is not located within a Comprehensive Land Use Plan (CLUP) for airports, within two miles of a public airport, or within one mile of a private air strip. Also, the project does not propose construction of any structure equal to or great than 150 feet in height, constituting a safety hazard to aircraft and/or operations from an airport or heliport. Therefore, the project would not constitute a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area.			
c) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:			

The following sections summarize the project's consistency with applicable emergency response plans or emergency evacuation plans.

i. OPERATIONAL AREA EMERGENCY PLAN:

Less Than Significant Impact: The Operational Area Emergency Plan is a framework document that provides direction to local jurisdictions to develop specific operational area of San Diego County. It provides guidance for emergency planning and requires subsequent plans to be established by each jurisdiction that has responsibilities in a

disaster situation. The project would not interfere with this plan because it would not prohibit subsequent plans from being established.

ii. SAN DIEGO COUNTY NUCLEAR POWER STATION EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

No Impact: The San Diego County Nuclear Power Station Emergency Response Plan would not be interfered with by the project due to the location of the project and the specific requirements of the plan. The emergency plan for the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station includes an emergency planning zone within a 10-mile radius. All land area within 10 miles of the plant is not within the jurisdiction of the unincorporated County and as such a project in the unincorporated area is not expected to interfere with any response or evacuation.

iii. OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY ELEMENT

No Impact: The Oil Spill Contingency Element would not be interfered with because the project is not located along the coastal zone or coastline.

iv. EMERGENCY WATER CONTINGENCIES ANNEX AND ENERGY SHORTAGE RESPONSE PLAN

No Impact: The Emergency Water Contingencies Annex and Energy Shortage Response Plan would not be interfered with because the project does not propose altering major water or energy supply infrastructure, such as the California Aqueduct.

v. DAM EVACUATION PLAN

No Impact: The Dam Evacuation Plan would not be interfered with because the project is located outside a dam inundation zone.

,	Expose people or structures to a signific wildland fires, including where wildlands where residences are intermixed with wi	are a	djacent to urbanized areas or
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less than Significant Impact: The proposed project has demonstrated compliance with County Policy FP2, Fire Code Compliance for Cellular Facilities. The goal of the fire prevention standards in Policy FP2 are to make sure cellular sites are self protecting, with no fire agency emergency response anticipated, especially in major

wildland incidents. This is accomplished primarily through construction with non-combustible exterior materials. The proposed project includes a non-combustible concrete equipment shelter and concrete mason block wall with metal access gates. Based on compliance with the County Policy FP2, Fire Code Compliance for Cellular Facilities, the project would not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires.

e)	Propose a use, or place residents adjact foreseeable use that would substantially exposure to vectors, including mosquito transmitting significant public health dise	incre es, ra	ase current or future resident's ts or flies, which are capable of
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
period Also, t such a waste teleco	pact: The project does not involve or sull of 72 hours (3 days) or more (e.g. artifice) the project does not involve or support us as equestrian facilities, agricultural operation facilities or other similar uses. Moreover mmunication facility that would not include bosed to existing vector sources. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY	ial lak ses tha tions (r, the le new	es, agricultural irrigation ponds). at produce or collect animal waste, (chicken coops, dairies etc.), solid project is an unmanned v residents or occupants that could
a)	Violate any water quality standards or w		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes an unmanned wireless telecommunication facility, which requires completion of a Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP) for Minor Projects to demonstrate compliance with all requirements of the County of San Diego Watershed Protection Ordinance. The Stormwater Management Plan (September 22, 2006) for the above-referenced project, was reviewed by the Department of Public Works and deemed complete. The project proposes minor grading, trenching and construction of the telecommunication facility and would be required to implement site design measures and/or source control Best Management Practices (BMPs) to prevent pollutants to the maximum extent practicable from entering

storm water runoff and receiving waters. Implementation of BMPs such as fiber rolls and sandbag barriers, as detailed in the SWMP for this project, would enable the project to meet waste discharge requirements as required by the Land-Use Planning for New Development and Redevelopment Component of the San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-01), as implemented by the San Diego County Jurisdictional Urban Runoff Management Program (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP).

The proposed BMPs identified in the project's SWMP for minor projects are consistent with regional surface water and stormwater planning and permitting processes that have been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result, the project would not contribute to a cumulative impact to an impaired water body, as listed by the Clean Water Act Section 303(d). Regional surface water and stormwater permitting regulations for the County of San Diego, Incorporated Cities of San Diego County, and the San Diego Unified Port District include the following: Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); and, County Storm Water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). The stated purpose of these ordinances is to protect the health, safety and general welfare of County of San Diego residents; protect water resources and improve water quality; cause the use of management practices by the County and its citizens that will reduce the adverse effects of polluted runoff discharges on waters of the state; secure benefits from the use of storm water as a resource; and ensure the County is compliant with applicable state and federal laws. Ordinance No. 9424 (WPO) has discharge prohibitions and requirements that vary depending on the type of land use activity and location in the County. Ordinance No. 9426 is Appendix A of Ordinance No. 9424 (WPO) and sets out in more detail, by project category, what Dischargers must do to comply with the Ordinance and to obtain permits for projects and activities that are subject to the Ordinance. Collectively, these regulations establish standards for projects so that water quality is not degraded from headwaters to the deltas of each watershed in the County. Each project subject to WPO is required to prepare a Stormwater Management Plan that details a project's pollutant discharge contribution to a given watershed and proposes BMPs or design measures to mitigate impacts that may occur in the watershed. As the proposed project would be required to implement the water quality protection measures contained in its Stormwater Management Plan. the impact would be less than significant.

b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with
	groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or
	a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-
	existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land
	uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?

_		_	
II	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact

c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage through the alteration of the course of a result in substantial erosion or siltation or rate or amount of surface runoff in a ma off-site?	streai	m or river, in a manner which would off-site or substantially increase the
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project is an unmanned telecommunication facility that, due to its small size (12' x 16' equipment shed), limited disturbance area, and location away from streams and rivers, would not substantially alter the drainage pattern of the site or area, nor alter the course of a stream or river, to result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site.

d) Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?

, , ,		Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	\checkmark	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The proposed project does not include nor require stormwater drainage systems. Furthermore, the project would not result in a significant increase in pervious surfaces that could contribute runoff water that would exceed the capacity of existing

stormwater drainage systems. Refer to VIII Hydrology and Water Quality Questions a, b. c. for further information. e) Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map, including County Floodplain Maps? ☐ Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation No Impact Incorporated Discussion/Explanation: No Impact: No FEMA mapped floodplains, County-mapped floodplains or drainages with a watershed greater than 25 acres were identified on the project site; therefore, no impact would occur. f) Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows? Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation No Impact Incorporated Discussion/Explanation: **No Impact:** 100-year flood hazard areas were not identified on the project site; therefore, no impact would occur. Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death from g) flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam; or from inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow? Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation \square No Impact Incorporated

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The project site lies outside any identified special flood hazard area including a mapped dam inundation area for a major dam/reservoir within San Diego County. In addition, the project is not located immediately downstream of a minor dam that could potentially flood the property. As the project site is not located along the shoreline of a lake or reservoir, nor within one mile from the coast, the site would not be at risk of inundation by seiche or tsunami.

Mudflow is a type of landslide. The project site is not located within a landslide susceptibility zone. In addition, the project does not propose land disturbance that would expose soils nor is it located downstream from exposed soils within a landslide susceptibility zone. Therefore, it is not anticipated that the project would expose people or property to inundation due to a mudflow.

IX. LAND USE AND PLANNING Would the project:			
a)	Physically divide an established commu	nity?	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
No Impact: the project is an unmanned wireless telecommunication facility that does not propose the introduction of major roadways, water supply systems, or other major infrastructure that could significantly disrupt or divide an established community.			
,	Conflict with any applicable land use pla jurisdiction over the project (including, b plan, local coastal program, or zoning or avoiding or mitigating an environmental	ut not dinan	limited to the general plan, specific ice) adopted for the purpose of
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project is subject to the Regional Land Use Element Rural Development Area and General Plan Land Use Designation 18 Multiple Rural Use. The project is consistent with the General Plan because wireless telecommunication facilities are anticipated by the 18 Multiple Rural Use Land Use Designation, which provides for uses applied in remote areas, with overall low population density, and with an absence of most public services.

The property is zoned A72 General Agriculture, which permits wireless telecommunication facilities upon the issuance of a Major Use Permit pursuant to the San Diego County Zoning Ordinance Section 6980; therefore, the proposed project is consistent with the General Plan and Zoning Ordinance.

X. MINERAL RESOURCES -- Would the project:

a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state or to a locally-important minera resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
 Discu	Incorporated ssion/Explanation:	_		
No In limite miner	No Impact: The project is a wireless telecommunication facility that would involve a limited area of construction. Due to its small size, any future use or availability of mineral resources would not be lost. Therefore, there is no impact to mineral resources. XI. NOISE Would the project result in:			
a)	Exposure of persons to or generation of established in the local general plan or of other agencies?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less Than Significant Impact No Impact	

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: Noise-generating attributes of the proposed project include temporary noise associated with construction of the facility and long-term noise associated with the two Marvair Model AVP60 Compac II wall-mounted air conditioners located on the southern façade of the proposed equipment shed and the use of an emergency back-up generator. The proposed equipment shed and back-up generator would be located approximately 500 feet from the nearest property line. A noise-sensitive use, a single-family residence, is located to the west of the project site. The proposed project is subject to noise requirements contained in the County of San Diego General Plan Noise Element and County of San Diego Zoning Ordinance Section 36.404 and 36.410.

General Plan – Noise Element

The County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element, Policy 4b addresses noise-sensitive areas. A proposed use that has the potential to expose noise-sensitive areas to noise in excess of a Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) of 60 decibels (dB(A)) must have an acoustical study prepared. If the acoustical study finds that the

proposed project would generate noise in excess of 60 dB(A) CNEL, modifications must be made to the project to reduce noise levels. Noise-sensitive areas include residences, hospitals, schools, libraries or similar facilities where quiet is an important attribute.

Noise Ordinance – Section 36.404

Section 36.404 of the Noise Ordinance prohibits the one-hour average sound level at the boundary of the property on which the sound is generated to exceed a predetermined limit defined by the property's zone. The proposed project site is zoned A72. Adjacent properties are also zoned A72. The most stringent one-hour average sound limit for Zone A72 is 45 dB.

The proposed project would generate long-term noise through the use of two air conditioner units and a back-up generator. However, since the proposed facility would be located approximately 500 feet from the nearest property line of the adjacent noise-sensitive use, the project would not expose persons to or generate noise levels in excess of general plan or noise ordinance standards. Furthermore, the project would be required to implement permit conditions to demonstrate compliance with the standards in the County Noise Ordinance.

The proposed project would generate short-term noise associated with construction/grading activities. However, construction operations would occur during permitted hours of operation pursuant to Section 36.410. Also, due to the small scale of construction required, it is not anticipated that the project would operate construction equipment in excess of an average sound level of 75 dB between the hours of 7 AM and 7 PM. Therefore, the short-term construction impact to noise sensitive areas is less than significant.

Finally, noise impacts resulting from the proposed project would not be cumulatively considerable. The project's conformance to the County of San Diego General Plan (Noise Element, Policy 4b) and County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36.404 and 36.410) ensures the project would not exceed noise standards for noise-sensitive areas, nor would it exceed noise level limits at the property line or during construction. Therefore, the project would not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exposure of persons to noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance.

b)	Exposure of persons to or generation of groundborne noise levels?	exce	ssive groundborne vibration or
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact

No Impact: The project does not propose any of the following land uses that can be impacted by groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels.

- 1. Buildings where low ambient vibration is essential for interior operation, including research and manufacturing facilities with special vibration constraints.
- 2. Residences and buildings where people normally sleep including hotels, hospitals, residences and where low ambient vibration is preferred.
- 3. Civic and institutional land uses including schools, churches, libraries, other institutions, and quiet office where low ambient vibration is preferred.
- 4. Concert halls for symphonies or other special use facilities where low ambient vibration is preferred.

Also, the project does not propose any major, new or expanded infrastructure such as mass transit, highways or major roadways or intensive extractive industry that could generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels on-site or in the surrounding area.

c)	A substantial permanent, temporary, or in the project vicinity above levels exist	
L	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: Studies completed by the Organization of Industry Standards (ISO 362; ISO 1996 1-3; ISO 3095; and ISO 3740-3747) state an increase of 10 dB is perceived as twice as loud and is perceived as a significant increase in the ambient noise level. The proposed project is for a wireless telecommunication facility that would not result in an increase in noise levels by 10 decibels due to the limited noise producing equipment included as part of the project and based on anticipated compliance with County of San Diego General Plan and County of San Diego Noise Ordinance standards (refer to Question XI. a). Also, the project does not involve any uses that may create substantial temporary or periodic increases in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity including but not limited to extractive industry; outdoor commercial or industrial uses that involve crushing, cutting, drilling, grinding, or blasting of raw materials; truck depots, transfer stations or delivery areas; or outdoor sound systems.

The project would not result in cumulative noise impacts as determined through an analysis of past, present and future projects within the vicinity. It was determined that the project, in combination past, present and future projects, would not expose existing

or planned noise sensitive areas to noise 10 dB CNEL over existing ambient noise levels. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the past, present and future projects considered within the proposed project vicinity.

d) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport, public use airport or private

	airstrip, would the project expose people excessive noise levels?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discuss	sion/Explanation:			
•	pact: The project is not located within a f a public airport, public use airport or pr	•	•	
XII. POPULATION AND HOUSING Would the project induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly or indirectly; displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere; or displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

Discussion/Explanation:

Incorporated

No Impact: The project is an unmanned wireless telecommunication facility that would have no effect on the availability of housing, nor displace housing or people. Furthermore, the project does not propose new or extended infrastructure or public facilities; new commercial or industrial facilities; large-scale residential development; accelerated conversion of homes to commercial or multi-family use; or regulatory changes including General Plan amendments, specific plan amendments, zone reclassifications, sewer or water annexations; or LAFCO annexation actions. Therefore, the project would not induce substantial population growth by proposing a physical or regulatory change that would remove a restriction to or encourage population growth.

XIII. PUBLIC SERVICES

Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically

altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:

i		Fire protection?		
i	i.	Police protection?		
i	ii.	Schools?		
i	V.	Parks?		
١	/ .	Other public facilities?		
	Pote	ntially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
\Box	Less	Than Significant With Mitigation		No less out
ш	Inco	rporated	Ш	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project would not result in the need for significantly altered public services or facilities. Correspondence from the Department of Planning and Land Use, Building Division confirmed that the project would meet fire code access, water supply and fuel modification requirements, thereby exceeding FP-2 requirements. As such, the proposed project does not require a Service availability form from the Rural Fire Protection District.

Furthermore, as an unmanned telecommunication facility, the project does not require the construction of new or physically altered governmental facilities including fire protection facilities, sheriff facilities, schools, parks or other public service facilities in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives. Therefore, the project would not have an adverse physical affect on the environment due to new or significantly altered public services or facilities.

XIV. RECREATION – Would the project:

Í	Would the project increase the use of exor other recreational facilities such that stacility would occur or be accelerated?	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The project does not propose any residential use, such as a residential subdivision, mobile home park, or construction of a single-family residence. Therefore,

the project would not increase the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities in the vicinity.

D)	expansion of recreational facilities, whice on the environment?		•		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discus	ssion/Explanation:				
No Impact: The project does not include recreational facilities, and as discussed in XIV. a., would not result in the construction or expansion of recreational facilities. Therefore, there is no impact to recreation. XV. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC Would the project:					
a)	Cause an increase in traffic which is sub load and capacity of the street system (i either the number of vehicle trips, the vo congestion at intersections)?	.e., re	sult in a substantial increase in		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project would result in an additional one trip per month. The project was reviewed by DPW staff and was determined not to result in a substantial increase in the number of vehicle trips, volume of capacity ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections in relation to existing conditions for the following reasons: The proposed project generates one additional trip. Given the County's traffic thresholds (Table 1) 100 ADT on a road operating at LOS F and 200 ADT on a road operating at LOS E there would be no direct impacts to a road segment. Using SANDAG's estimate for AM and PM peak hour trips, the project would generate less than five peak hour trips and will not exceed the five additional trips to a critical move threshold - especially when the trips are distributed on the road network. Therefore, the project will not have a significant direct project impact on traffic volume, which is considered substantial in relation to existing traffic load and capacity of the street system. Also refer to the answer for XV. b. below.

, e	exceed, either individually or cumulative established by the County congestion may the County of San Diego Transportat oads or highways?	anage	ement agency and/or as identified
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated: The proposed project would result in an additional one trip per month. The project was reviewed by DPW staff and was determined not to exceed a level of service (LOS) standard at the direct project level for the following reasons: The proposed project generates one additional trip. Given the County's traffic thresholds (Table 1) 100 ADT on a road operating at LOS F and 200 ADT on a road operating at LOS E there would be no direct impacts to a road segment. Using SANDAG's estimate for AM and PM peak hour trips, the project would generate less than five peak hour trips and will not exceed the five additional trips to a critical move threshold - especially when the trips are distributed on the road network. Therefore, the project will not have a significant direct project-level impact on the LOS standards established by the County congestion management agency for designated roads or highways.

However, the County of San Diego has developed an overall programmatic solution that addresses existing and projected future road deficiencies in the unincorporated portion of San Diego County. This program includes the adoption of a Transportation Impact Fee (TIF) program to fund improvements to roadways necessary to mitigate potential cumulative impacts caused by traffic from future development. This program is based on a summary of projections method contained in an adopted planning document, as referenced in the State CEQA Guidelines Section 15130 (b)(1)(B), which evaluates regional or area wide conditions contributing to cumulative transportation impacts. Based on SANDAG regional growth and land use forecasts, the SANDAG Regional Transportation Model was utilized to analyze projected build-out (year 2030) development conditions on the existing circulation element roadway network throughout the unincorporated area of the County. Based on the results of the traffic modeling, funding necessary to construct transportation facilities that will mitigate cumulative impacts from new development was identified. Existing roadway deficiencies will be corrected through improvement projects funded by other public funding sources, such as TransNet, gas tax, and grants. Potential cumulative impacts to the region's freeways have been addressed in SANDAG's Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). This plan, which considers freeway buildout over the next 30 years, will use funds from TransNet, state, and federal funding to improve freeways to projected level of service objectives in the RTP.

The proposed project generates one trip per month. These trips will be distributed on circulation element roadways in the unincorporated county that were analyzed by the TIF program, some of which currently or are projected to operate at inadequate levels of service. These project trips therefore contribute to a potential significant cumulative impact and mitigation is required. The potential growth represented by this project was included in the growth projections upon which the TIF program is based. Therefore, payment of the TIF, which will be required at issuance of building permits, in combination with other components of the program described above, will mitigate potential cumulative traffic impacts to less than significant.

In order to mitigate its incremental contribution to significant cumulative traffic impacts, the proposed project will pay the TIF prior to obtaining building permits.

c) Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?					
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact	
Dis	cus	sion/Explanation:			
and	No Impact: The proposed project is located outside of an Airport Master Plan Zone and is not adjacent to any public or private airports; therefore, the project would not result in a change in air traffic patterns.				
d)		estantially increase hazards due to a des gerous intersections) or incompatible us	_	` • •	
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact	
Dis	cus	sion/Explanation:			
No Impact: The proposed project would not alter traffic patterns, roadway design, or place incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment) on existing roadways.					
e)		Result in inadequate emergency access	?		
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact	

No Impact: The proposed project would not result in inadequate emergency access. Correspondence from the Department of Planning and Land Use, Building Division confirmed that the project would meet fire code access and exceed FP-2 requirements. Additionally, public roads used to access the proposed project site are up to County standards. Therefore, the project has adequate emergency access.				
f)	Result in inadequate parking capacity?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			
mainte the en	pact : The proposed telecommunication enance trip per month. There is adequated of the existing dirt driveway. As this sport, the project would not result in an insufficient	spac ace w	e to park a maintenance vehicle at ould meet the parking needs of the	
g)	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or particle transportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle	_	0	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			
implen preser	pact: The proposed project is an unman mentation would not result in construction at any hazards or barriers for pedestrians not conflict with policies regarding alternations	of ne	w road design features, nor cyclists. Therefore, the project	
XVI.	UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS	Woul	d the project:	
a)	Exceed wastewater treatment requiremed Quality Control Board or require or result wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of which could cause significant environments.	t in the	e construction of new water or existing facilities, the construction	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

No Impact: The project is an unmanned telecommunication facility that would not result in wastewater discharge to sanitary sewer or on-site wastewater systems (septic). Therefore, the project would not exceed any wastewater treatment requirements. Furthermore, the project does not include new or expanded water or wastewater treatment facilities or require the construction or expansion of water or wastewater treatment facilities. Therefore, the project would not require construction of new or expanded facilities, which could cause significant environmental effects.

•	,			
b)	Require or result in the construction of r expansion of existing facilities, the cons environmental effects?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	□	Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			
storm	pact: The project does not involve the construction of new or expande	ificant	environmental effects would not	
c)	Have sufficient water supplies available entitlements and resources, or are new			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	\Box	Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			
No Impact: The project is an unmanned wireless telecommunications facility that does not rely on water service for any purpose. Therefore, the proposed project would not require water services from a water district.				
d) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider, which serves or may serve the project, that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

No Impact: The proposed project an unmanned wireless telecommunications facility that would not produce any wastewater; therefore, the project would not interfere with any wastewater treatment provider's service capacity.

,	Be served by a landfill with sufficient per project's solid waste disposal needs and statutes and regulations related to solid	d com	ply with federal, state, and local
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: The project is an unmanned wireless telecommunications facility and would not generate solid waste nor place any burden on the existing permitted capacity of any landfill or transfer station within San Diego County. Therefore, compliance with any Federal, State, or local statutes or regulation related to solid waste is not applicable to this project.

XVII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE:

a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment,
	substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or
	wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a
	plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range
	of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the
	major periods of California history or prehistory?

	Potentially Significant Impact	 Less than Significant Impact
V	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated: Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory were considered in the response to each question in

sections IV and V of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the project's potential for significant cumulative effects. Resources that have been evaluated as significant that would be potentially impacted by the project include Biological Resources, and specifically, 0.1 acres of Southern mixed chaparral and 0.3 acres of Diegan coastal sage scrub. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these effects to a level below significant. This mitigation includes the purchase of 0.1 acres of Southern mixed chaparral habitat credit and 0.5 acres of Diegan coastal sage scrub habitat credit in a mitigation bank. The results of this initial study demonstrate cultural resources would be potentially impacted by the project, specifically underground archaeological resources. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces this potential impact to below a level of significance. This mitigation includes onsite monitoring and observation by a qualified archaeologist as part of a grading monitoring and data recovery program. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, significant effects associated with this project would result. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

,	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effect a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
\checkmark	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

The following list of past, present and future projects were considered and evaluated as a part of this Initial Study:

PROJECT NAME	PERMIT/MAP NUMBER
Sprint/Nextel Engineer Springs	MUP 05-022
Milton/Nextel CA5130A	MUP 05-024
Rancho L'Abri/Los Sauzales, Inc.	MUP Mod/Dev 79-026-05
South Bay Rod & Gun Club.	MUP Mod/Dev 74-145-02

Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated: Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse cumulative effects were considered in the response to each question in sections I through XVI of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the project's potential for incremental effects that are cumulatively considerable. As a result of this evaluation, there were determined to be potentially significant cumulative effects related to transportation and traffic. However, mitigation

has been included that clearly reduces these cumulative effects to a level below significant. This mitigation includes payment of the TIF, which will be required prior to the issuance of building permits. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, there are cumulative effects associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

,	Does the project have environmental effects, which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	sion/Explanation:			

Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated: In the evaluation of environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse direct or indirect impacts to human beings were considered in the response to certain questions in sections I. Aesthetics, III. Air Quality, VI. Geology and Soils, VII. Hazards and Hazardous Materials, VIII. Hydrology and Water Quality, XI. Noise, XII. Population and Housing, and XV. Transportation and Traffic. As a result of this evaluation, there were determined to be potentially significant effects to human beings related to transportation and traffic. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these effects to below a level of significance. This mitigation includes payment of the TIF, which will be required prior to the issuance of building permits. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, there are adverse effects to human beings associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

XVIII. REFERENCES USED IN THE COMPLETION OF THE INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

All references to Federal, State and local regulation are available on the Internet. For Federal regulation refer to http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/. For State regulation refer to www.leginfo.ca.gov. For County regulation refer to www.amlegal.com. All other references are available upon request.

AESTHETICS

California Street and Highways Code [California Street and Highways Code, Section 260-283. (http://www.leginfo.ca.gov/)

California Scenic Highway Program, California Streets and Highways Code, Section 260-283. (http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/LandArch/scenic/scpr.htm)

County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use. The Zoning Ordinance of San Diego County. Sections 5200-5299; 5700-5799; 5900-5910, 6322-6326. ((www.co.san-diego.ca.us)

County of San Diego, Board Policy I-73: Hillside Development Policy. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)

County of San Diego, Board Policy I-104: Policy and Procedures for Preparation of Community Design

- Guidelines, Section 396.10 of the County Administrative Code and Section 5750 et seq. of the County Zoning Ordinance. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, General Plan, Scenic Highway Element VI and Scenic Highway Program. (ceres.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego Light Pollution Code, Title 5, Division 9 (Sections 59.101-59.115 of the County Code of Regulatory Ordinances) as added by Ordinance No 6900, effective January 18, 1985, and amended July 17, 1986 by Ordinance No. 7155. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego Wireless Communications Ordinance [San Diego County Code of Regulatory Ordinances. (www.amlegal.com)
- Design Review Guidelines for the Communities of San Diego County. (Alpine, Bonsall, Fallbrook, Julian, Lakeside, Ramona, Spring Valley, Sweetwater, Valley Center).
- Federal Communications Commission, Telecommunications Act of 1996 [Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub. LA. No. 104-104, 110 Stat. 56 (1996). (http://www.fcc.gov/Reports/tcom1996.txt)
- Institution of Lighting Engineers, Guidance Notes for the Reduction of Light Pollution, Warwickshire, UK, 2000 (http://www.dark-skies.org/ile-gd-e.htm)
- International Light Inc., Light Measurement Handbook, 1997. (www.intl-light.com)
- Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Lighting Research Center, National Lighting Product Information Program (NLPIP), Lighting Answers, Volume 7, Issue 2, March 2003. (www.lrc.rpi.edu)
- US Census Bureau, Census 2000, Urbanized Area Outline Map, San Diego, CA. (http://www.census.gov/geo/www/maps/ua2kmaps.htm)
- US Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (BLM) modified Visual Management System. (www.blm.gov)
- US Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Visual Impact Assessment for Highway Projects.
- US Department of Transportation, National Highway System Act of 1995 [Title III, Section 304. Design Criteria for the National Highway System.

 (http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/legsregs/nhsdatoc.html)

AGRICULTURE RESOURCES

- California Department of Conservation, Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program, "A Guide to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program," November 1994. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Department of Conservation, Office of Land Conversion, "California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model Instruction Manual," 1997. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Farmland Conservancy Program, 1996. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Land Conservation (Williamson) Act, 1965. (www.ceres.ca.gov, www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Right to Farm Act, as amended 1996. (www.qp.gov.bc.ca)

- County of San Diego Agricultural Enterprises and Consumer Information Ordinance, 1994, Title 6, Division 3, Ch. 4. Sections 63.401-63.408. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego, Department of Agriculture, Weights and Measures, "2002 Crop Statistics and Annual Report," 2002. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)
- United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resource Conservation Service LESA System. (www.nrcs.usda.gov, www.swcs.org).
- United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, California. 1973. (soils.usda.gov)

AIR QUALITY

- CEQA Air Quality Analysis Guidance Handbook, South Coast Air Quality Management District, Revised November 1993. (www.aqmd.gov)
- County of San Diego Air Pollution Control District's Rules and Regulations, updated August 2003. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- Federal Clean Air Act US Code; Title 42; Chapter 85 Subchapter 1. (www4.law.cornell.edu)

BIOLOGY

- All references to Federal, State and local regulation are available on the Internet. For Federal regulation refer to http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/. For State regulation refer to www.leginfo.ca.gov. For County regulation refer to www.amlegal.com. All other references are available upon request.
- California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG). Southern California Coastal Sage Scrub Natural Community Conservation Planning Process Guidelines. CDFG and California Resources Agency, Sacramento, California. 1993. (www.dfg.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, An Ordinance Amending the San Diego County Code to Establish a Process for Issuance of the Coastal Sage Scrub Habitat Loss Permits and Declaring the Urgency Thereof to Take Effect Immediately, Ordinance No. 8365. 1994, Title 8, Div 6, Ch. 1. Sections 86.101-86.105, 87.202.2. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego, Biological Mitigation Ordinance, Ord. Nos. 8845, 9246, 1998 (new series). (www.co.sandiego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, Implementing Agreement by and between United States Fish and Wildlife Service, California Department of Fish and Game and County of San Diego. County of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program, 1998.
- County of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program, County of San Diego Subarea Plan, 1997.
- Holland, R.R. Preliminary Descriptions of the Terrestrial Natural Communities of California. State of California, Resources Agency, Department of Fish and Game, Sacramento, California, 1986.
- Memorandum of Understanding [Agreement Between United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG), California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CDF), San

- Diego County Fire Chief's Association and the Fire District's Association of San Diego County.
- Merkel & Associates, Inc. Biological Resource Letter Report Verizon Telecommunications Facility, Highway 94-Engineer Springs Project (County of San Diego Case/Environmental Log Numbers P06-087/06-19-029). January 30, 2008.
- Stanislaus Audubon Society, Inc. v County of Stanislaus (5th Dist. 1995) 33 Cal.App.4th 144, 155-159 [39 Cal. Rptr.2d 54]. (www.ceres.ca.gov)
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Environmental Laboratory.
 Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual. U.S.
 Army Corps of Engineers, Wetlands Research Program
 Technical Report Y-87-1. 1987.
 (http://www.wes.army.mil/)
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. America's wetlands: our vital link between land and water. Office of Water, Office of Wetlands, Oceans and Watersheds. EPA843-K-95-001. 1995b. (www.epa.gov)
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and National Marine Fisheries Service. Habitat Conservation Planning Handbook. Department of Interior, Washington, D.C. 1996. (endangered.fws.gov)
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and National Marine Fisheries Service. Consultation Handbook: Procedures for Conducting Consultation and Conference Activities Under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act. Department of Interior, Washington, D.C. 1998. (endangered.fws.gov)
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Environmental Assessment and Land Protection Plan for the Vernal Pools Stewardship Project. Portland, Oregon. 1997.
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Vernal Pools of Southern California Recovery Plan. U.S. Department of Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, Region One, Portland, Oregon, 1998. (ecos.fws.gov)
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Birds of conservation concern 2002. Division of Migratory. 2002. (<u>migratorybirds.fws.gov</u>)

CULTURAL RESOURCES

- California Health & Safety Code. §18950-18961, State Historic Building Code. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Health & Safety Code. §5020-5029, Historical Resources. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Health & Safety Code. §7050.5, Human Remains. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, (AB 978), 2001. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Public Resources Code §5024.1, Register of Historical Resources. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Public Resources Code. §5031-5033, State Landmarks. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Public Resources Code. §5097-5097.6, Archaeological, Paleontological, and Historic Sites. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Public Resources Code. §5097.9-5097.991, Native American Heritage. (<u>www.leginfo.ca.gov</u>)

- City of San Diego. Paleontological Guidelines. (revised) August 1998.
- County of San Diego, Local Register of Historical Resources (Ordinance 9493), 2002. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- Demere, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh. Paleontological Resources San Diego County. Department of Paleontology, San Diego Natural History Museum. 1994.
- Moore, Ellen J. Fossil Mollusks of San Diego County. San Diego Society of Natural history. Occasional; Paper 15. 1968.
- U.S. Code including: American Antiquities Act (16 USC §431-433) 1906. Historic Sites, Buildings, and Antiquities Act (16 USC §461-467), 1935. Reservoir Salvage Act (16 USC §469-469c) 1960. Department of Transportation Act (49 USC §303) 1966. National Historic Preservation Act (16 USC §470 et seq.) 1966. National Environmental Policy Act (42 USC §4321) 1969. Coastal Zone Management Act (16 USC §1451) 1972. National Marine Sanctuaries Act (16 USC §1431) 1972. Archaeological and Historical Preservation Act (16 USC §469-469c) 1974. Federal Land Policy and Management Act (43 USC §35) 1976. American Indian Religious Freedom Act (42 USC §1996 and 1996a) 1978. Archaeological Resources Protection Act (16 USC §470aa-mm) 1979. Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (25 USC §3001-3013) 1990. Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act (23 USC §101, 109) 1991. American Battlefield Protection Act (16 USC 469k) 1996. (www4.law.cornell.edu)

GEOLOGY & SOILS

- California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology, California Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act, Special Publication 42, Revised 1997. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology, Fault-Rupture Hazard Zones in California, Special Publication 42, revised 1997. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology, Special Publication 117, Guidelines for Evaluating and Mitigating Seismic Hazards in California, 1997. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego Code of Regulatory Ordinances Title 6, Division 8, Chapter 3, Septic Ranks and Seepage Pits. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego Department of Environmental Health, Land and Water Quality Division, February 2002. On-site Wastewater Systems (Septic Systems): Permitting Process and Design Criteria. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego Natural Resource Inventory, Section 3, Geology.
- United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, California. 1973. (soils.usda.gov)

HAZARDS & HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

- American Planning Association, Zoning News, "Saving Homes from Wildfires: Regulating the Home Ignition Zone," May 2001.
- California Building Code (CBC), Seismic Requirements, Chapter 16 Section 162. (www.buildersbook.com)

- California Education Code, Section 17215 and 81033. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Government Code. § 8585-8589, Emergency Services Act. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Hazardous Waste and Substances Site List. April 1998. (www.dtsc.ca.gov)
- California Health & Safety Code Chapter 6.95 and §25117 and §25316. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Health & Safety Code § 2000-2067. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Health & Safety Code. §17922.2. Hazardous Buildings. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Public Utilities Code, SDCRAA. Public Utilities Code, Division 17, Sections 170000-170084. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Resources Agency, "OES Dam Failure Inundation Mapping and Emergency Procedures Program", 1996. (ceres.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, Consolidated Fire Code Health and Safety Code §13869.7, including Ordinances of the 17 Fire Protection Districts as Ratified by the San Diego County Board of Supervisors, First Edition, October 17, 2001 and Amendments to the Fire Code portion of the State Building Standards Code, 1998 Edition.
- County of San Diego, Department of Environmental Health Community Health Division Vector Surveillance and Control. Annual Report for Calendar Year 2002. March 2003. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, Department of Environmental Health, Hazardous Materials Division. California Accidental Release Prevention Program (CalARP) Guidelines. (http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/, www.oes.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, Department of Environmental Health, Hazardous Materials Division. Hazardous Materials Business Plan Guidelines. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego Code of Regulatory Ordinances, Title 3, Div 5, CH. 3, Section 35.39100.030, Wildland/Urban Interface Ordinance, Ord. No.9111, 2000. (www.amlegal.com)
- Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act as amended October 30, 2000, US Code, Title 42, Chapter 68, 5121, et seq. (www4.law.cornell.edu)
- Unified San Diego County Emergency Services Organization Operational Area Emergency Plan, March 2000.
- Unified San Diego County Emergency Services Organization Operational Area Energy Shortage Response Plan, June 1995.
- Uniform Building Code. (www.buildersbook.com)
- Uniform Fire Code 1997 edition published by the Western Fire Chiefs Association and the International Conference of Building Officials, and the National Fire Protection Association Standards 13 &13-D, 1996 Edition, and 13-R, 1996 Edition. (www.buildersbook.com)

HYDROLOGY & WATER QUALITY

- American Planning Association, Planning Advisory Service Report Number 476 Non-point Source Pollution: A Handbook for Local Government
- California Department of Water Resources, California Water Plan Update. Sacramento: Dept. of Water Resources State of California. 1998. (rubicon.water.ca.gov)
- California Department of Water Resources, California's Groundwater Update 2003 Bulletin 118, April 2003. (www.groundwater.water.ca.gov)
- California Department of Water Resources, Water Facts, No. 8, August 2000. (www.dpla2.water.ca.gov)
- California Disaster Assistance Act. Government Code, § 8680-8692. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California State Water Resources Control Board, NPDES General Permit Nos. CAS000001 INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITIES (97-03-DWQ) and CAS000002 Construction Activities (No. 99-08-DWQ) (www.swrcb.ca.gov)
- California Storm Water Quality Association, California Storm Water Best Management Practice Handbooks, 2003.
- California Water Code, Sections 10754, 13282, and 60000 et seq. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- Colorado River Basin Regional Water Quality Control Board, Region 7, Water Quality Control Plan. (www.swrcb.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego Regulatory Ordinance, Title 8, Division 7, Grading Ordinance. Grading, Clearing and Watercourses. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego, Groundwater Ordinance. #7994. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov, http://www.amlegal.com/,)
- County of San Diego, Project Clean Water Strategic Plan, 2002. (www.projectcleanwater.org)
- County of San Diego, Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance, Ordinance Nos. 9424 and 9426. Chapter 8, Division 7, Title 6 of the San Diego County Code of Regulatory Ordinances and amendments. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego. Board of Supervisors Policy I-68. Diego Proposed Projects in Flood Plains with Defined Floodways. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Clean Water Act), 1972, Title 33, Ch.26, Sub-Ch.1. (www4.law.cornell.edu)
- Freeze, Allan and Cherry, John A., Groundwater, Prentice-Hall, Inc. New Jersey, 1979.
- Heath, Ralph C., Basic Ground-Water Hydrology, United States Geological Survey Water-Supply Paper; 2220, 1991.
- National Flood Insurance Act of 1968. (www.fema.gov)
- National Flood Insurance Reform Act of 1994. (www.fema.gov)
- Plancom, Inc. Stormwater Management Plan for Minor Projects. September 22, 2006.
- Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act, California Water Code Division 7. Water Quality. (ceres.ca.gov)

- San Diego Association of Governments, Water Quality Element, Regional Growth Management Strategy, 1997. (www.sandag.org
- San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board, NPDES Permit No. CAS0108758. (www.swrcb.ca.gov)
- San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board, Water Quality Control Plan for the San Diego Basin. (www.swrcb.ca.gov)

LAND USE & PLANNING

- California Department of Conservation Division of Mines and Geology, Open File Report 96-04, Update of Mineral Land Classification: Aggregate Materials in the Western San Diego County Production Consumption Region, 1996. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Environmental Quality Act, CEQA Guidelines, 2003. (ceres.ca.gov)
- California Environmental Quality Act, Public Resources Code 21000-21178; California Code of Regulations, Guidelines for Implementation of CEQA, Appendix G, Title 14, Chapter 3, §15000-15387. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California General Plan Glossary of Terms, 2001. (ceres.ca.gov)
- California State Mining and Geology Board, SP 51, California Surface Mining and Reclamation Policies and Procedures, January 2000. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego Code of Regulatory Ordinances, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego, Board of Supervisors Policy I-84: Project Facility. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, Board Policy I-38, as amended 1989. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use. The Zoning Ordinance of San Diego County. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, General Plan as adopted and amended from September 29, 1971 to April 5, 2000. (ceres.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego. Resource Protection Ordinance, compilation of Ord.Nos. 7968, 7739, 7685 and 7631. 1991.
- Design Review Guidelines for the Communities of San Diego County.
- Guide to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) by Michael H. Remy, Tina A. Thomas, James G. Moore, and Whitman F. Manley, Point Arena, CA: Solano Press Books, 1999. (ceres.ca.gov)

MINERAL RESOURCES

- National Environmental Policy Act, Title 42, 36.401 et. seq. 1969. (www4.law.cornell.edu)
- Subdivision Map Act, 2003. (ceres.ca.gov)
- U.S. Geologic Survey, Causey, J. Douglas, 1998, MAS/MILS Mineral Location Database.
- U.S. Geologic Survey, Frank, David G., 1999, (MRDS) Mineral Resource Data System.

NOISE

- California State Building Code, Part 2, Title 24, CCR, Appendix Chapter 3, Sound Transmission Control, 1988. . (www.buildersbook.com)
- County of San Diego Code of Regulatory Ordinances, Title 3, Div 6, Chapter 4, Noise Abatement and Control, effective February 4, 1982. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego General Plan, Part VIII, Noise Element, effective December 17, 1980. (ceres.ca.gov)
- Federal Aviation Administration, Federal Aviation Regulations, Part 150 Airport Noise Compatibility Planning (revised January 18, 1985). (http://www.access.gpo.gov/)
- Harris Miller Miller and Hanson Inc., *Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment*, April 1995. (http://ntl.bts.gov/data/rail05/rail05.html)
- International Standard Organization (ISO), ISO 362; ISO 1996 1-3; ISO 3095; and ISO 3740-3747. (www.iso.ch)
- U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway
 Administration, Office of Environment and Planning, Noise
 and Air Quality Branch. "Highway Traffic Noise Analysis
 and Abatement Policy and Guidance," Washington, D.C.,
 June 1995. (http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/)

POPULATION & HOUSING

- Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, 42 USC 5309, Title 42--The Public Health And Welfare, Chapter 69--Community Development, United States Congress, August 22, 1974. (www4.law.cornell.edu)
- National Housing Act (Cranston-Gonzales), Title 12, Ch. 13. (www4.law.cornell.edu)
- San Diego Association of Governments Population and Housing Estimates, November 2000. (www.sandag.org)
- US Census Bureau, Census 2000. (http://www.census.gov/)

RECREATION

County of San Diego Code of Regulatory Ordinances, Title 8, Division 10, Chapter PLDO, §810.101 et seq. Park Lands Dedication Ordinance. (www.amlegal.com)

TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC

- California Aeronautics Act, Public Utilities Code, Section 21001 et seq. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Department of Transportation, Division of Aeronautics, California Airport Land Use Planning Handbook, January 2002.
- California Department of Transportation, Environmental Program Environmental Engineering Noise, Air Quality, and Hazardous Waste Management Office. "Traffic Noise Analysis Protocol for New Highway Construction and Reconstruction Projects," October 1998. (www.dot.ca.gov)
- California Public Utilities Code, SDCRAA. Public Utilities Code, Division 17, Sections 170000-170084. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Street and Highways Code. California Street and Highways Code, Section 260-283. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)

- County of San Diego, Alternative Fee Schedules with Pass-By Trips Addendum to Transportation Impact Fee Reports, March 2005. (http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dpw/land/pdf/TransImpactFee/attacha.pdf)
- County of San Diego Transportation Impact Fee Report. January 2005. (http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dpw/permits-forms/manuals.html)
- Fallbrook & Ramona Transportation Impact Fee Report, County of San Diego, January 2005. (http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dpw/permitsforms/manuals.html)
- Office of Planning, Federal Transit Administration, Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment, Final Report, April 1995.
- San Diego Association of Governments, 2020 Regional Transportation Plan. Prepared by the San Diego Association of Governments. (www.sandag.org)
- San Diego Association of Governments, Comprehensive Land Use Plan for Borrego Valley Airport (1986), Brown Field (1995), Fallbrook Community Airpark (1991), Gillespie Field (1989), McClellan-Palomar Airport (1994). (www.sandag.org)
- US Code of Federal Regulations, Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR), Objects Affecting Navigable Airspace, Title 14, Chapter 1, Part 77. (www.gpoaccess.gov)

UTILITIES & SERVICE SYSTEMS

- California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 14. Natural Resources Division, CIWMB Division 7; and Title 27, Environmental Protection Division 2, Solid Waste. (ccr.oal.ca.gov)
- California Integrated Waste Management Act. Public Resources Code, Division 30, Waste Management, Sections 40000-41956. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, Board of Supervisors Policy I-78: Small Wastewater. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)
- Unified San Diego County Emergency Services Organization Annex T Emergency Water Contingencies, October 1992. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resource Conservation Service LESA System.
- United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, California. 1973.
- US Census Bureau, Census 2000.
- US Code of Federal Regulations, Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR), Objects Affecting Navigable Airspace, Title 14, Chapter 1, Part 77.
- US Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (BLM) modified Visual Management System.
- US Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Visual Impact Assessment for Highway Projects.